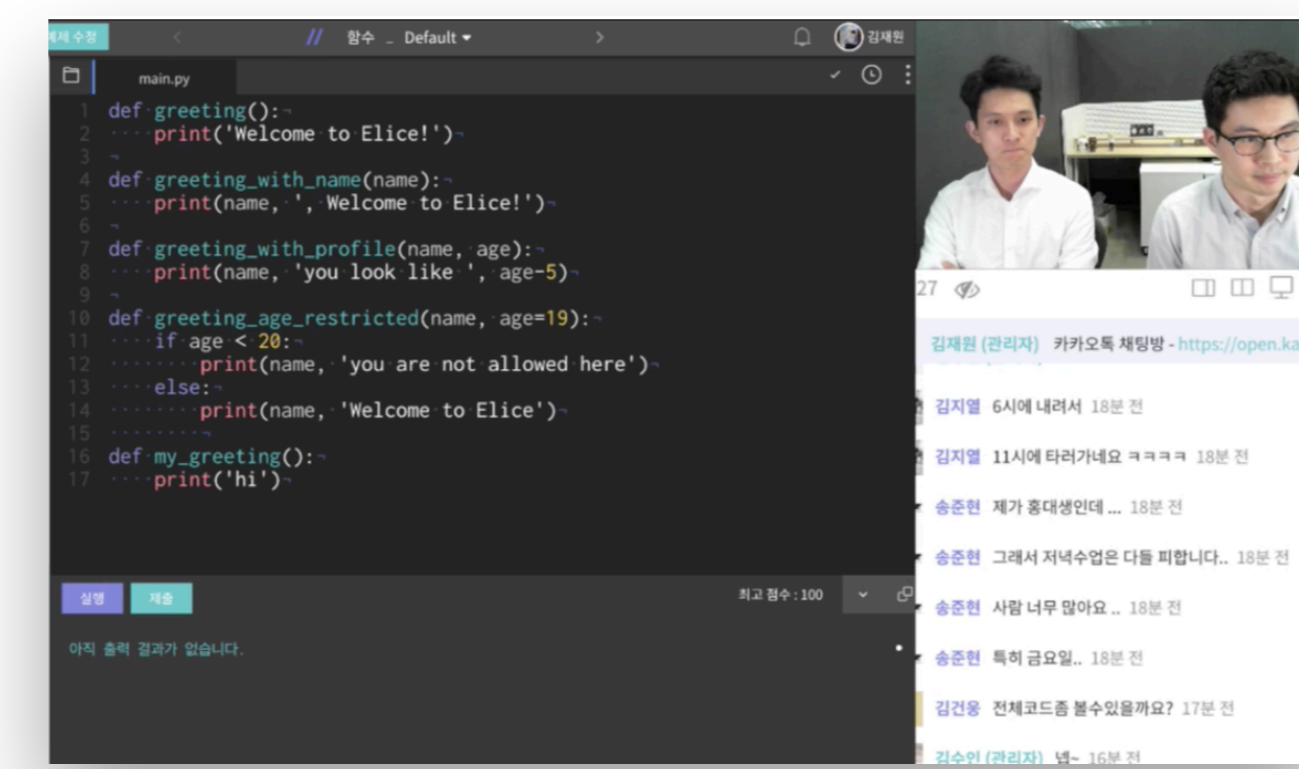


Key Contributions

- A validation technique to evaluate whether rewriting a part of text-based screencast introduces ambiguity on the subsequent text editing history
- A substitution technique to substitute a part of text-based screencast, resulting in a new screencast
- A web-based non-linear editor for text-based screencasts with two-step selective history rewriting process

Screencast as an Online Educational Tool



Conventional video
Graphical, view-only
medium

Text-based Screencast captures

- Insertions/deletions in a character-level
- Cursor/selection changes

Then reconstructs the text editing history

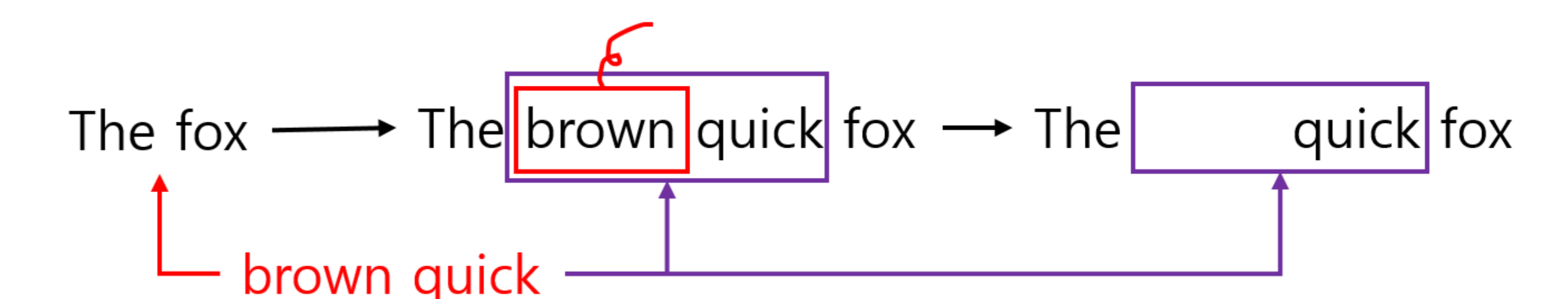
- Allows viewers to interact with the text/code

```
main.py
empty = []
print(empty)
alphabets = ['a', 'b', 'c']
print(alphabets)
numbers = [1, 2, 3, 3, 14]
print(numbers)
```

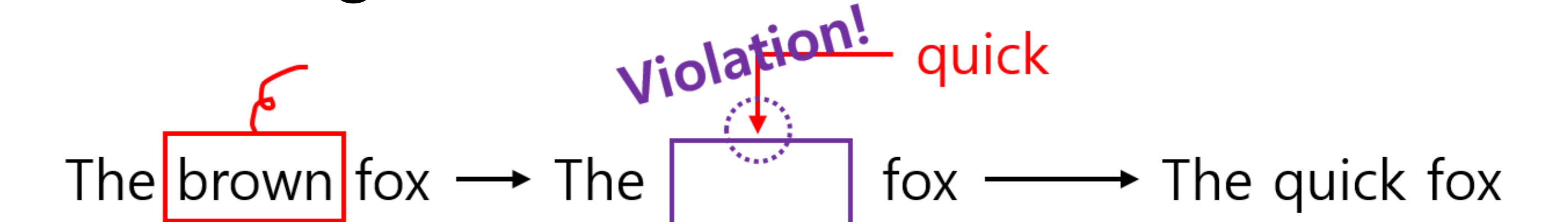
Validation Step

Validation Step evaluates whether rewriting a history range introduces ambiguity on the subsequent part of the text editing history

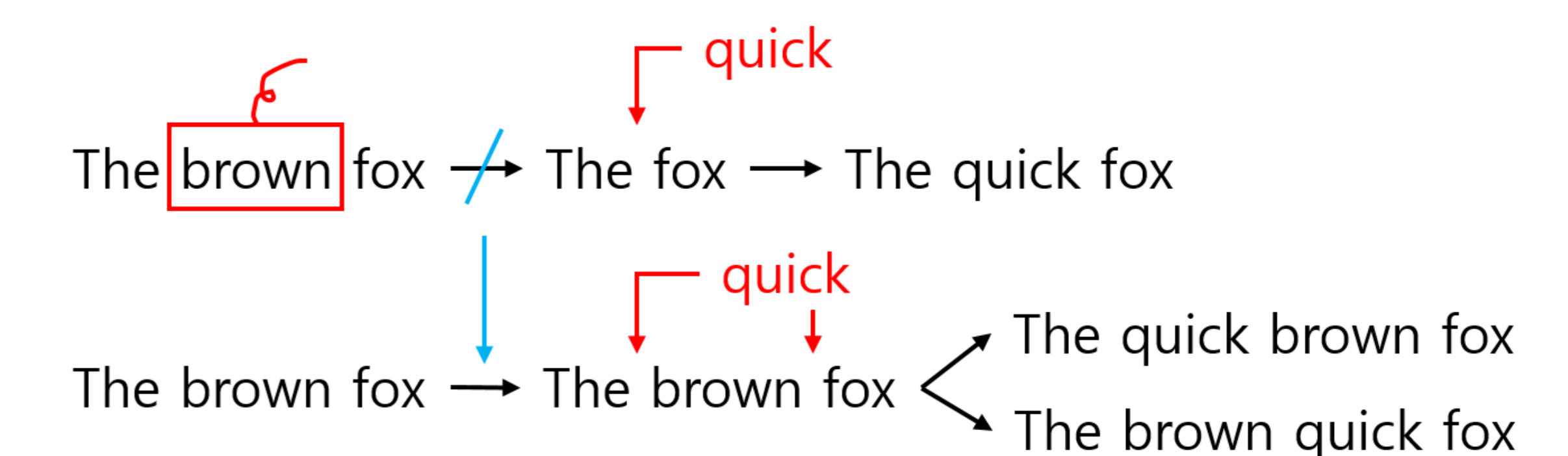
Tracking effective area



Checking effective area violation



* Example of ambiguous rewriting



Interface for Non-Linear Editor

Timeline-based selection Cancel Select

Editable text is automatically identified when selecting history range

1 The Quick brown fox

Text-selection-based selection Cancel Select

Timeline is selected w.r.t. selected text

1 The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog.

Modifying Text Screencast

Cancel Done

Text editing history is re-written

1 The Quick black crow

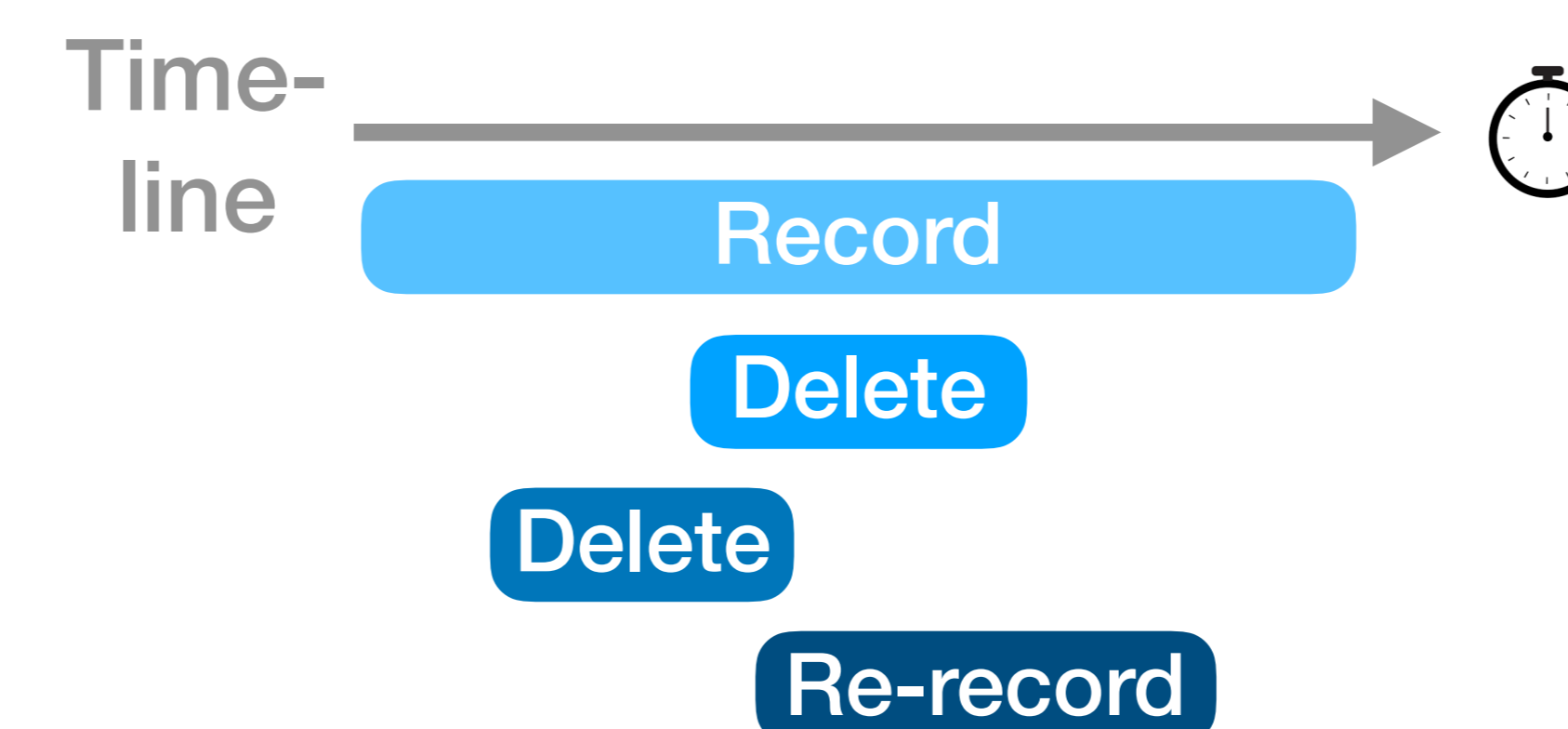
▶ TS-Sel TL-Sel

1 The quick black crow jumps over the lazy dog.

Selective History Rewriting

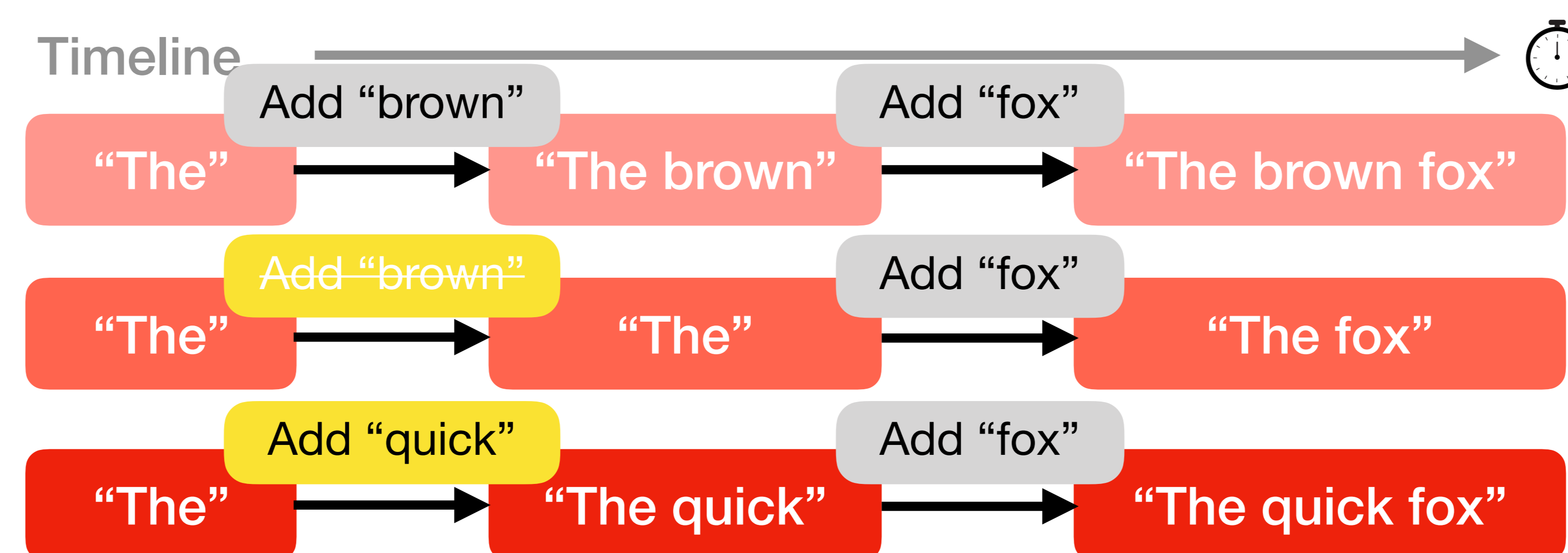
Non-Linear Editing

A method to randomly access and selectively edit intermediate parts of a content



Non-Linear Editing for Text Editing History

Each revision of a text editing history is dependent on all of its prior changes



Selective History Rewriting enables substituting an arbitrary part of a text-based screencast while preserving overall consistency of text editing history

Substitution Step

Substitution Step calculates the effect of newly substituted history and produces a new screencast by combining (1) fore part, (2) substituted part, and (3) re-calculated subsequent part

